

San Marcos Free Press.

I. H. JULIAN,

"Prove All Things; Hold Fast that which is Good."

PROPRIETOR.

VOL. XI.

SAN MARCOS, HAYS COUNTY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1882.

NO. 34

Free Press.

Published Every Thursday by
ISAAC H. JULIAN,
To whom all Letters should be Addressed.
OFFICE—East Side of Plaza.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year, in advance.....\$2.00
Six months.....1.25
Three months......75

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, one insertion \$1.00; each additional insertion under one month, 50 cents per square.

	1 mo.	3 mos.	6 mos.	12 mos.
1 square.....	\$2.50	\$5.00	\$8.00	\$10.00
2 ".....	5.00	10.00	16.00	20.00
3 ".....	7.50	15.00	24.00	30.00
4 ".....	10.00	20.00	32.00	40.00
5 ".....	12.50	25.00	40.00	50.00
6 ".....	15.00	30.00	48.00	60.00

Business Cards, one inch or less, one year, \$8.00
Cards in Business Directory, one year, \$2.00
Legal and Transient Advertisements will be charged on a dollar per square for the first insertion, and Fifty Cents per square for each additional insertion. A square is the space of one inch. Fractional squares will be counted as full squares.
Local and Business Notices will be charged ten cents per line for the first insertion, and eight cents per line for each additional insertion.
Announcing candidates for office, county, \$5.00
For District or State offices.....10.00
Obituary notices of over ten lines charged at one-half advertising rates.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods.
MISS MARY RUSSELL, Next to Hofheinz Hotel.

Bankers.

GLOVER & CO., North side of Main Plaza.

Wholesale Grocer.

MARTIN HINZIE, Southeast corner Plaza.

Dry Goods.

E. T. MALONE, South side Plaza.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

JOHNSON & JOHNSON, Mitchell Building, North side Plaza.

P. R. TURNER, & Co., West side Main Plaza.

J. DAILEY, West side of the Main Plaza.

W. M. GIESEN, South side of the Main Plaza.

DAILEY & BRO., S. W. Corner Plaza.

J. IGLEHART east side of the plaza, opposite Court House.

Merchant Tailor.

R. DUGGER, Mitchell Building, upstairs.

Groceries.

B. PITCHFORD South side Plaza.

S. F. McALLISTER, North side Plaza.

Groceries and Hardware.

G. W. DONALSON & CO., East side Main Plaza.

Furniture.

J. W. NANCY, nearly opposite Hinzle's Grocery Store.

Druggists.

R. FROMME, South side Plaza.

RAYNOLDS & DANIEL, North side of the Main Plaza.

Dentist.

D. R. COMBS, office North side of the Main Plaza.

Lawyers.

B. R. ROSE, office in the new Bank Building, upstairs.

W. O. HUTCHISON, office in the New Building, north side Main Plaza.

O. T. BROWN, office in the old Postoffice Building.

Notary Public, and General Agent.
I. H. JULIAN, office Free Press Building.

Bakery and Confectionery.
FRITZ LANGE, South side Plaza.

Stoves and Tinware.
G. HENNE, East side Plaza.

Livery and Sale Stables.
BALES & SON, San Antonio street.

Watchmakers, Jewelers and Opticians.
ROBBINS & BISHOP East side plaza.

Meat Market.
R. L. MALONE, Northwest of Public Square.

Shoe and Shoes.
J. B. HANKLA, Manufacturer and Dealer, North side Plaza.

Planing Mill etc.
JENNINGS & CO., Shop South Side Railroad Depot, adjoining Christian's Lumber Yard.

Notice.
ESTATE OF FRANCIS WILSON, deceased.
Administration, in County Court, Hays Co., Texas.
All claims against this estate must be presented for allowance, within 12 months from date hereof to
JOHN L. MALONE, Adm'r &c
at said estate, July 8, 1882.



IT WILL POSITIVELY CURE BAD BREATH.

Nothing is so unpleasant as Bad Breath, generally arising from a disordered stomach, and can be so easily corrected by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator.

JAUNDICE.
Simmons' Liver Regulator soon eradicates the disease from the system, leaving the skin clean and free from all impurities.

SICK HEADACHE.
The stomach imperfectly digesting its contents causes severe pain in the head accompanied by disagreeable nausea. For the relief and cure of this distressing affliction, take Simmons' Liver Regulator.

MALARIA.
Persons living in unhealthy localities, may avoid all bilious attacks by occasionally taking a dose of Simmons' Liver Regulator to keep the liver in healthy action.

CONSTIPATION.
Should not be regarded as a trifling ailment. Nature demands the utmost regularity of the bowels. Therefore assist Nature by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator, it is so mild and effectual.

BILIOUSNESS.
One or two tablespoonfuls will relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state such as Nausea, Dizziness, Browsiness, Distress after eating, a Bitter bad Taste in the mouth.

ALCOHOLIC POISONING.
Simmons' Liver Regulator will counteract the effect of alcoholic poisoning. By its use the torpid liver is aroused, the nerves quieted, the gastric disturbance corrected and intemperance prevented.

YELLOW FEVER.
The Regulator has proven its great value as a remedial agent during the prevalence of that terrible scourge. Simmons' Liver Regulator never fails to do all that is claimed for it.

COLIC.
Children suffering from colic soon experience relief when Simmons' Liver Regulator is administered according to directions. Adults as well as children derive great benefit from this medicine.

CHILLS AND FEVER.
There is no need of suffering any longer with Chills and Fever—Simmons' Liver Regulator soon breaks the Chills and carries the Fever out of the system. It cures when all other remedies fail.

Dyspepsia.
This medicine will positively cure you of this terrible disease. It is no vain boast, but we assert emphatically what we know to be true, Simmons' Liver Regulator will cure you.

BLADDER AND KIDNEYS.
Most of the diseases of the bladder originate from those of the kidneys. Restore the action of the liver fully, and both the kidneys and bladder will be restored.

Take only the Genuine which always has on the wrapper the Trade Mark and Signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO. For sale by all Druggists. mch 30ly

ROBBINS & BISHOP, Watchmakers, JEWELERS,



Dealers in
FINE JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, ETC.,
Agent For

GILBERT'S CLOCKS,
Every Clock Warranted
TO RUN WELL.
WEAR WELL, AND KEEP
GOOD TIME.

Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty.
Agent for the CELEBRATED MEDICATED SPECTACLES.

CARTER'S IRON PILLS FOR THE BLOOD NERVES AND COMPLEXION

We recommend Carter's Iron Pills to every woman who is Weak, Nervous and Discouraged; particularly those who have Thin, Pale Lips, Cold Hands and Feet, and who are without Strength or Ambition. These Pills quiet the Nerves, give Strength to the Body, induce refreshing Sleep, Enrich and improve the quality of the Blood, and Purify and Brighten the Complexion. They cure Palpitation of the Heart, Nervousness, Tremblings, Nervous Headache, Leucorrhoea, Pains in the Back, and other forms of Female Weakness. Remember that Iron is one of the constituents of the Blood, and is the great tonic. Carter's Iron Pills are also valuable for men who are troubled with Nervous Weakness, Night Sweats, etc. In metal boxes, at 50 cents. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail. Address
CARTER MEDICINE CO.,
New York City.

From St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., July 14, 1882.

EDITOR FREE PRESS:—A large number of Jews, exiled from various towns of Southern Russia, have arrived in the city. They appear to be wretched and utterly destitute. Their scanty baggage lies scattered about in the tenement houses provided them by the Hebrew societies, and these poor wanderers in a strange land are prowling around the city in long blue coats and green caps, asking for employment. It is said that thousands more will soon arrive, and the native and well-to-do Hebrews residing here are greatly bothered as to what shall be done with their helpless countrymen.

Kirkwood, a suburb of this city, is still excited in consequence of the killing of Mr. Milton Smith, a prominent citizen of that vicinity. His tragic death on last Friday will never be forgotten. It seems that Mr. Smith very properly and discreetly chastised his little son Guy Smith for some misconduct, and a few moments afterwards, as the father was taking a seat at the breakfast table, he was suddenly confronted by the boy armed with a shot gun who taking deliberate aim shot his father to death. The perpetrator of this deliberate and awful deed is just twelve years of age. He seems to fully realize the nature of the fearful crime, and is apparently unrepentant and indifferent about it. His grand father, Geo. Eads, is utterly crushed and broken hearted.

The coroner's jury are engaged to-day in holding an inquest upon the body of Martin Dorsey. Young Dorsey was a printer by occupation and a sober and well behaved fellow. He was found weltering in his blood near his own door at day break yesterday morning, and too far gone when discovered, to tell who assaulted him. His injuries were in the head and chest and were inflicted with a knife. Dr. Geo. A. Lofton, the eloquent pastor of the Third Baptist Church of this city, handed his resignation to the church last night and will preach his farewell sermon on next Sunday. Much bitter regret is felt here in consequence of this step taken by the Doctor, and is the result of a vicious scandal in which Doctor Lofton's name was falsely connected; ample proof of his innocence soon overtook his malicious traducers, and thus made his many friends still dearer to him, but yet reparation of the wrong came swiftly, but too late to recall the Doctor's resolve to leave the place that had become distasteful to him, and we all hope that he will find a home and field of usefulness where scandal mongers are not so numerous as here and where character is more highly prized.

The city is getting very dull and large numbers of citizens are leaving town by every train. The Circuit Courts have all adjourned for the summer.

CARL SMYTHE.

From Oyster Creek.

OYSTER CREEK, July 17th, '82.

EDITOR FREE PRESS:—As some little time has intervened since I last corresponded, and as the abundant rain has driven me into the house, I take up my pen to give you a few items.

The first thing in the way of improvement is the moving and fitting up of the York's Creek Methodist Church. It was built in 1859. It is a large frame house, the framing consisting of the choicest cedar of the mountain forest. The neighbors joined in and tore down and hauled the material three miles east of its twenty-three years standing to a more commodious place for this community, on a piece of land donated by J. P. Kellum, nearly in front of Mr. John Scott's residence. Rev. Mr. Buckner Harris was the first circuit rider we had after it was built, and is on this circuit this year; hence the first and last man who preached in it.

Some may doubt the propriety of the removal of the above named church, but those who are well acquainted with its surroundings do not question whether it is right or wrong. The Germans have possession of the adjacent country on the west and south, there was no organized church, no regular preaching; hence counted only with the dilapidated.

Corn is estimated from 25 to 35 bushels to the acre by some, others 40 to 50. Oats 40 to 50 bushels per acre. Wheat, 8 to 12 bushels per acre. Cotton is doing well, $\frac{1}{4}$ bale or more of grown bolls per acre on the early cotton.

Once in a while we read an article in some agriculturist which brings forth such a prodigious smile, if some pretty girl should happen to be seated before us she would declare we had a month as big as that of the animal Balaam rode.

Prof. J. P. Steele's method, of Mobile, Ala., co-incides with many of our farmers,

I took a trip in June, down in Guadalupe county and conversed with many of the prominent farmers of that region, and they all advocate deep culture. Dr. Blakemore, of San Marcos, says: In the year 1857, in the county of Fayette, he hired a man to break a piece of ground with four yoke of oxen, which he planted in corn and of which he gathered 20 bushels per acre, whilst his neighbors hardly raised an ear. 1857 was very dry, a time well remembered by the old settlers of Texas.

T. J. D.

From an English Farmer, Now of Hays County.

PEACAN GROVE, July 2, 1882.

EDITOR FREE PRESS:—In yours of 29th of June you make some comments on English farming, most of which is very erroneous. You say hay stacks are very nicely built; they are, but do not compare with grain stacks for neatness, and which I have known to stand for two years. That English farming produces better results is true, and so it ought, as the English laborer is reliable and thorough as are most Englishmen, and the rents paid are such that no to-morrow business can be permitted. Although you say you produce your crops with less labor and make products cheaper, I say without any hesitation that the farming around here, and I suppose it is about the same around San Marcos, is, with few exceptions, the poorest attempt at farming one can well conceive. Most men that I know are content to move in the groove that their grandfathers moved in, and from their poverty or shortsightedness get for most things but the farm. You say there is a dark side of English farming, I regret that this is too true. Viz: Game preserving landlords, also too much rain. I wish we had in Texas the surplus, but this is what you say, (and I would respectfully ask for your informant,) also advise when you wish to draw flowery pictures of comparison that your easel is right, also your colors are true; beware of color blindness. I spent 53 years of my life in England, and I found the farm hands fairly well, most of them well fed, also most of the men and horses too, intelligent, for English horses are intelligent. The last time I dined with a farmer they had a fine sirloin of roast beef and plenty of good vegetables, and all sat down together. As to the farm hand being only a working animal, he is not always a dull and sluggish man. If as you say here he has any get-up about him, he can be happy and make his way in the farming world. I have three cousins in one respectable working family; those three men followed the vocation until they were good farmers, and two of them found their own in becoming managers to rich large farmers, getting near upon \$1000 per annum, house to live in, horse to ride, cows for milk and butter and poultry. Now I think that is much, very much better than any man in or near San Marcos can do on 160 acres of land. Now further, I am the youngest of 6 brothers, 4 of whom were hired farm servants and all followed that until they married. How much wages they received I don't know, but they always were much better dressed and I believe much better fed than the same class of men are in any part of Texas. They wore good broadcloth coats costing about \$25, top boots at ten dollars, and breeches to correspond, not forgetting the vest, natty necktie and the universal silk pocket handkerchief. This is the picture of the young farm hand fifty years ago, and I know his position is bettered now, for since I left England they have the courage to strike and I have no doubt you have read of Joseph Arch who visited Canada and in trying to arrange for emigrants in which I believe he failed, ending by telling the Canadian farmers they wanted not men but slaves. When married he has his cottage, and as you say usually his garden. As to cows, you should know that there is a vast difference in the value of them, and more by comparison with Texas cows, though I have known some keep a cow, nearly all of them a pig, and eggs he can buy of the farmer much cheaper than you can raise them even here. I have bought them in Hull market at 30 for 24c and you cannot produce them cheaper. As to your lively pictures of the variety of our diet, I say our for I am a little over a ten year old Texan and my food has been corn bread and bacon, then bacon and corn bread, varied occasionally by a little beef, and now and then a little biscuit, and I am satisfied I have lived as comfortably as very many of my neighbors, but this I will say of my Texan neighbors, they are in many respects noble in character, hospitable, and whether beef or mutton is wanting they put whatever they have generously before you, and have the good sense to offer no apology. Further I have never yet seen an American down on his luck a valuable as-

stance in helping to forge out a new world. Last, thanks to God, we are a hardy race and I say it with pride fight an honest and industrious battle with more or less success, and I think any farmer on your fine lands would be only too glad to have English, Irish or Scotchmen, and would find them neither dull, sluggish nor ignorant. Now my dear sir, I refer you to my good friends and all to me noble, Mr. Wimberly and his kind son Zach, Major Nance of the good Samaritan Ranch, Mr. Ed. Green, Mr. Eaton and Mr. Combs, of your town, also young Mr. Mitchell who knows me a little, Jesse McLendon and his good wife my country woman, and Billy Caldwell, all good Americans if not Texans. I hope for the great pleasure of seeing Major Mrs. Nance and the boys in a few days and finally holding you to your admirable motto: "Prove all things; hold fast that which is good." I am Dear Sir,

Very respectfully yours,

THOS. DODSWORTH.

[We give place to the above with pleasure. We are glad to find that the writer is a reader of the FREE PRESS; hope soon to have him on our list of subscribers. With regard to his complaint of the FREE PRESS, we will remind him that the article upon which he comments was simply a selection from another source, and that editors of newspapers do not necessarily endorse all that thus appears in their columns. Nor do we know the name of the writer. We "guess," however, that he and our correspondent are both right in part, the facts stated by our correspondent being rather exceptional.—Ed.]

Card From G. Marion Cade, M. D.

FRIEND JULIAN:—Was it a slip of the pen with the FREE PRESS reporter, or has it lost its heretofore boasted independence—as its shyness boldly speaks in the seeming fear of stain to its pages—by not engrossing with in its table of contents of the "Archives" for deposit in the corner stone of our Court House "The Primary Sense of Inspiration vs Modern Teachings!" Because (?) it brands as heresies the "fable-entranced" mania of the heretofore strange departures of teachings of the medieval ages, from the pure Christianity, flushed before mankind in its full-fledged pristine fullness by Christ and his Apostles with a prohibition of after addition or detraction? Is this a sly pandering by the FREE PRESS, Kyle Nutshell, or the authority for depositing record-matter from the hands of the public into the box for safe keeping and delivery to future generations of what this age thought morally and spiritually? I hope there is a justifiable reason behind this unnecessary omission.

The humble author claims nothing but what is granted to others as a loyal citizen, a lover of truth and true progress toward right in all things. Ignoring every species of accidental notoriety; or impertinent intrusion, I am ever ready to defend my life's work; and defy its controversy in a manly way. Disdaining every sneer, or covert innuendo for its unpopularity with the mass of human credulologists—as this has ever been the fate of the gospel from God (when promulgated in its first purity) from its inceptive existence.

I sincerely hope it was an inadvertent oversight. Respectfully,

G. MARION CADE.

Wimberley, Texas July 3d, 1882.

[We hasten to assure our friend that the FREE PRESS is not in the slightest degree responsible for the omission of which he complains. We obtained the list of articles deposited from the county authorities about the court house. Dr. Cade's treatise was not in the list as furnished us, hence its non appearance in our columns.—Ed.]

"Pro Bono Publico."

It is a remarkable fact, that while thousands of people refuse to read paid puff of worthless nostrums, none skip over Dr. Swayne's little squib about his Ointment for Itching Piles that itch so much at night. The people well know that it is published for their benefit, in other words, it is *pro bono publico*. May its far reaching effects be perpetuated to the end of time.

England Against Egypt.

Queer wars are these that England wages in this generation—wars against the Zulu's and the Abyssinians and the Afghans and the Egyptians—capturing the Zulu King, killing the Abyssinian King, dethroning the Afghan Ameer, and protecting the Egyptian Khedive against Arabi Bey.

The bombardment at Alexandria did not according to Earl Granville in the House of Lords, constitute a declaration of war against an allied power, as the British government is not in alliance with Arabi Bey. According to this view of the case, the British forces are but chastising a refractory subject of the Khedive who has defied British authority, with whom the Khedive himself is unable to cope.—N. Y. Sun.